

Table of Contents

Programming Languages 3

Programming Languages

Snippet from *Wikipedia*: [Programming language](#)

A **programming language** is an engineered language for expressing computer programs, typically allowing software to be written in a human readable manner.

Execution of a program requires an implementation. There are two main approaches for implementing a programming language - compilation, where programs are compiled ahead-of-time to machine code, and interpretation, where programs are directly executed. In addition to these two extremes, some implementations use hybrid approaches such as just-in-time compilation and bytecode interpreters.

The design of programming languages has been strongly influenced by computer architecture, with most imperative languages designed around the ubiquitous von Neumann architecture. While early programming languages were closely tied to the hardware, modern languages often hide hardware details via abstraction in an effort to enable better software with less effort. These languages are known as high-level languages.

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